

VA H 1318, Enacted - Interim

Virginia

SUMMARY: Extends the sunset date of the motion picture production tax credit; provides that any tax credit unallocated at the end of any fiscal year after 2010 will not expire and will be available for future allocation by the Tourism Authority.

Legislative History and Analysis Changes in Bill text reflected as:

~~Text Deleted~~

Text Added

~~Text Vetoed~~

Current Legislative Status 01/08/2020 INTRODUCED.

01/08/2020 To HOUSE Committee on FINANCE.

02/05/2020 From HOUSE Committee on FINANCE: Reported with substitute.

02/05/2020 To HOUSE Committee on APPROPRIATIONS.

02/05/2020 Committee substitute printed.

02/07/2020 From HOUSE Committee on APPROPRIATIONS: Reported with amendment.

02/10/2020 Committee substitute adopted on HOUSE floor.

02/10/2020 Committee amendment adopted on HOUSE floor.

02/10/2020 Engrossed by HOUSE as substituted and amended.

02/11/2020 Passed HOUSE. *****To SENATE.

02/12/2020 To SENATE Committee on FINANCE AND APPROPRIATIONS.

02/19/2020 From SENATE Committee on FINANCE AND APPROPRIATIONS: Reported with amendment.

02/21/2020 Committee amendment adopted on SENATE floor.

02/21/2020 Engrossed by SENATE as amended.

02/21/2020 Passed SENATE. *****To HOUSE for concurrence.

02/25/2020 HOUSE refused to concur in SENATE amendments.

02/26/2020 SENATE insists on amendments.

02/26/2020 *****To CONFERENCE Committee.

03/04/2020 CONFERENCE Committee Report adopted by HOUSE.

03/07/2020 CONFERENCE Committee Report adopted by SENATE.

03/18/2020 Eligible for GOVERNOR'S desk.

04/09/2020 Signed by GOVERNOR.

04/09/2020 Acts of Assembly. Chapter No. 966

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session: Virginia 2020 Session cite: 2020 VA H 1318

Enacted - Interim April 9, 2020 Aird

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY -- CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact Sections 58.1-439.12:03 and 58.1-609.6 of the Code of Virginia, relating to motion picture production tax credit; media-related exemptions.

[H 1318]

Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That Sections 58.1-439.12:03 and 58.1-609.6 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: Section 58.1-439.12:03. Motion picture production tax credit.

A. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2011, but prior to January 1, ~~2022~~ **2027**, any motion picture production company with qualifying expenses of at least \$250,000 with respect to a motion picture production filmed in Virginia shall be allowed a refundable credit against the taxes imposed by Section 58.1-320 or 58.1-400 in an amount equal to 15 percent of the production company's qualifying expenses or 20 percent of such expenses if the production is filmed in an economically distressed area of the Commonwealth. The Virginia Economic Development Partnership Authority shall designate which areas of the Commonwealth are deemed to be economically distressed areas. The credit shall be computed based on all of the taxpayer's qualifying expenses incurred with respect to the production, not just the qualifying expenses incurred during the taxable year. The refundable tax credits allowed under this section are for one tax year only. Where a motion picture production continues for more than one year, a separate application for

each tax year the production continues must be made. The grant of a refundable tax credit for a motion picture film production does not create a presumption that the production will receive a refundable tax credit for subsequent tax years. Effective on January 1, 2013, for purposes of eligibility for refundable tax credits, a motion picture film production shall include digital interactive media production.

"Qualifying expenses" means the sum of the following amounts spent in the Commonwealth by a production company in connection with the production of a motion picture filmed in the Commonwealth:

1. Goods and services leased or purchased. For goods with a purchase price of \$25,000 or more, the amount included in qualifying expenses is the purchase price less the fair market value of the good at the time the production is completed.
 2. Compensation and wages, except in the case of each individual who directly or indirectly receives compensation in excess of \$1 million for personal services with respect to a single production. In such a case, only the first \$1 million of salary shall be considered a qualifying expense. An individual is deemed to receive compensation indirectly when a production company pays a personal service company or an employee leasing company that pays the individual.
- B. 1. In addition to the refundable credit authorized under subsection A, such production company shall be allowed an additional refundable credit equal to 10 percent of the total aggregate payroll for Virginia residents employed in connection with the production of a film in the Commonwealth when total production costs in the Commonwealth are at least \$250,000 but not more than \$1 million. This additional credit shall be equal to 20 percent of the total aggregate payroll for Virginia residents employed in connection with such production when total production costs in the Commonwealth exceed \$1 million.
2. In addition to the credits authorized under subsection A and subdivision B 1, such production company shall be allowed an additional refundable credit equal to 10 percent of the total aggregate payroll for Virginia residents employed for the first time as actors or members of a production crew in connection with the production of a film in the Commonwealth.
- C. 1. For purposes of this section, in the case of an episodic television series, an entire season of episodes shall be deemed to be one production.
2. No credit shall be allowed under this section for any production that (i) is political advertising, (ii) is a television production of a news program or live sporting event, (iii) contains obscene material, or (iv) is a reality television production.
- D. 1. The issuance of refundable tax credits under this section shall be in accordance with procedures, qualifying criteria, and deadlines established by the Department and the ~~Virginia Film Office~~ **Virginia Tourism Authority**. The qualifying criteria established by the ~~Virginia Film Office~~ **Virginia Tourism Authority** shall take into account whether the production involves physical production within the Commonwealth of Virginia, the number of residents of Virginia that will be employed in the production and the level of compensation they will be paid, the extent to which the production will contribute to the support and expansion of existing production companies in Virginia, the extent to which the production will impact existing local businesses and the local economy, the extent to which the production will involve existing and new companies located in Virginia, and other relevant considerations. The taxpayer shall apply for a credit by submitting such

forms as prescribed by the ~~Virginia Film Office~~ **Virginia Tourism Authority** , prior to the start of production in Virginia.

2. Any taxpayer seeking credits under this section must enter into a memorandum of understanding with the ~~Virginia Film Office~~ **Virginia Tourism Authority** that at a minimum provides the requirements that the taxpayer must meet in order to receive the credits, including but not limited to the estimated amount of money to be spent in Virginia, the timeline for completing production in Virginia, and the maximum amount of credits allocated to the taxpayer.
 3. Once the taxpayer has satisfied all of the requirements in the memorandum of understanding to the satisfaction of the ~~Virginia Film Office~~ **Virginia Tourism Authority** and completed production in Virginia, ~~the taxpayer may claim the applicable amount of credits up to the amount that has been allocated by the Virginia Film Office on a~~ **the Virginia Tourism Authority shall certify the final tax credit amount to the taxpayer and to the Tax Commissioner. In addition, such certificate shall specify the fiscal year in which such tax credit may be refunded by the Department of Taxation. The tax** return filed for the taxable year in which the Virginia production activities are completed **shall contain information specifying the amount of tax credit and shall specify the fiscal year in which such tax credit may be refunded** . The return must state the name of the production, provide a description of the production, and include a detailed accounting of the qualifying expenses with respect to which a credit is claimed.
 4. **The Virginia Tourism Authority shall report to the Tax Commissioner on an annual basis the amount of tax credits that have been authorized for each fiscal year and the amount of tax credits that may be claimed for the current fiscal year by each taxpayer.**
 5. **No interest shall be paid pursuant to Section 58.1-1833 on any tax credit issued by the Department under this section.**
- E. A taxpayer allowed a credit under this section must maintain and make available for inspection any information or records required by the Tax Commissioner. The taxpayer has the burden of proving eligibility for a credit and the amount of the credit. The Tax Commissioner shall consult with the ~~Virginia Film Office~~ **Virginia Tourism Authority** in order to determine the amount of qualifying expenses.
- F. For purposes of this section, the amount of any credit attributable to a partnership, electing small business corporation (S corporation), or limited liability company may be allocated to the individual partners, shareholders, or members, respectively, in proportion to their ownership or interest in such business entities.
- G. The total amount of credits allocated to all taxpayers under this section shall not exceed \$2.5 million in the 2010-2012 biennium, \$5 million in the 2012-2014 biennium, and \$6.5 million in fiscal year 2015 and each fiscal year thereafter.
- H. The Department of Taxation, in consultation with the ~~Virginia Film Office~~ **Virginia Tourism Authority**, must publish by November 1 of each year for the 12-month period ending the preceding December 31 the following information:
1. Location of sites used in a production for which a credit was claimed;

2. Qualifying expenses for which a credit was claimed, classified by whether the expenses were for goods, services, or compensation paid by the production company;
3. Number of people employed in the Commonwealth with respect to credits claimed; and
4. Total cost to the Commonwealth's general fund of the credits claimed.

Notwithstanding any provision of Section 58.1-3 or any other law, such information shall be published by the Department, even if such information is not classified, so as to prevent the identification of particular taxpayers, reports, or returns and items.

- I. The Tax Commissioner shall develop guidelines implementing the provisions of this section, including but not limited to the definition of "qualifying expenses" and setting forth the recordkeeping requirements applicable to production companies claiming this credit. Such guidelines shall be exempt from the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (Section 2.2-4000 et seq.).

Section 58.1-609.6. Media-related exemptions.

The tax imposed by this chapter or pursuant to the authority granted in Sections 58.1-605 and 58.1-606 shall not apply to the following:

1. Leasing, renting or licensing of copyright audio or video tapes, and films for public exhibition at motion picture theaters or by licensed radio and television stations.
2. Broadcasting equipment and parts and accessories thereto and towers used or to be used by commercial radio and television companies, wired or land based wireless cable television systems, common carriers or video programmers using an open video system or other video platform provided by telephone common carriers, or concerns which are under the regulation and supervision of the Federal Communications Commission and amplification, transmission and distribution equipment used or to be used by wired or land based wireless cable television systems, or open video systems or other video systems provided by telephone common carriers.
3. Any publication issued daily, or regularly at average intervals not exceeding three months, and advertising supplements and any other printed matter ultimately distributed with or as part of such publications; however, newsstand sales of the same are taxable. As used in this subdivision, the term "newsstand sales" shall not include sales of back copies of publications by the publisher or his agent.
4. Catalogs, letters, brochures, reports, and similar printed materials, except administrative supplies, the envelopes, containers and labels used for packaging and mailing same, and paper furnished to a printer for fabrication into such printed materials, when stored for 12 months or less in the Commonwealth and distributed for use without the Commonwealth. As used in this subdivision, "administrative supplies" includes, but is not limited to, letterhead, envelopes, and other stationery; and invoices, billing forms, payroll forms, price lists, time cards, computer cards, and similar supplies. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 5 or the definition of "advertising" contained in Section 58.1-602, (i) any advertising business located outside the Commonwealth which purchases printing from a printer within the Commonwealth shall not be deemed the user or consumer of the printed materials when such purchases would have been exempt under this subdivision, and (ii) from July 1, 1995, through June 30, 2002, and beginning July 1, 2002, and ending July 1, 2022, any advertising business

which purchases printing from a printer within the Commonwealth shall not be deemed the user or consumer of the printed materials when such purchases would have been exempt under subdivision 3 or this subdivision, provided that the advertising agency shall certify to the Tax Commissioner, upon request, that such printed material was distributed outside the Commonwealth and such certification shall be retained as a part of the transaction record and shall be subject to further review by the Tax Commissioner.

5. Advertising as defined in Section 58.1-602.
6. Beginning July 1, 1995, and ending July 1, ~~2022~~ 2027 :
 - a. (i) The lease, rental, license, sale, other transfer, or use of any audio or video tape, film or other audiovisual work where the transferee or user acquires or has acquired the work for the purpose of licensing, distributing, broadcasting, commercially exhibiting or reproducing the work or using or incorporating the work into another such work; (ii) the provision of production services or fabrication in connection with the production of any portion of such audiovisual work, including, but not limited to, scriptwriting, photography, sound, musical composition, special effects, animation, adaptation, dubbing, mixing, editing, cutting and provision of production facilities or equipment; or (iii) the transfer or use of tangible personal property, including, but not limited to, scripts, musical scores, storyboards, artwork, film, tapes and other media, incident to the performance of such services or fabrication; however, audiovisual works and incidental tangible personal property described in clauses (i) and (iii) shall be subject to tax as otherwise provided in this chapter to the extent of the value of their tangible components prior to their use in the production of any audiovisual work and prior to their enhancement by any production service; and
 - b. Equipment and parts and accessories thereto used or to be used in the production of such audiovisual works.
7. Beginning July 1, 1998, and ending July 1, 2022, textbooks and other educational materials withdrawn from inventory at book-publishing distribution facilities for free distribution to professors and other individuals who have an educational focus.